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THE ENDOTRICHINÆ OF JAPAN

By

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The Endotrichinae, a subfamily of the Pyralidae, Lepidoptera, is separated from the Pyralinae owing to the vein 8 of the hind wing anastomosing with 7, and from the Hydrocampinae, Scopariinae and Pyraustinae, it is separated by the fore wing in having vein 7 stalked with 8, 9 instead of being free. The species belonging to this subfamily have the fore wing with no tuft of raised scales in cell, thus the subfamily is separated from the Epipaschiinae.

Up to the present, about one hundred and thirty species belonging to this subfamily have been described in the world, and so far as my investigations go, eighteen species under nine genera are known as existing in Japan.

A short historical review regarding to the species from this country can be made as follows:

- 1879. A. G. BUTLER (Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. 5, iv).
 - I. Endotricha consocia sp. n. (Originally placed under genus Doththa).

 Type-locality: Yokohama; Collector: H. PRYER.
- 1879. A. G. BUTLER (Ill. Typ. Sp. Het. B. M. iii).
 - I. Trichophysetis cretacea sp. n. (Originally placed under genus Hydrocampa).

Type-locality: Yokohama; Collector: F. M. Jonas

- 1881. A. G. BUTLER (Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond.).
- 1. Cataprosopus monstrosus sp. n.

Type-locality: Tokyo; Collector: M. Fenton

- 1885. H. PRYER (Trans. Asiat. Soc. Jap. xiii).
 - I. Endotricha icelusalis WLK. (First record).
- 1891. E.-L. RAGONOT (Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr.).
 - I. Endotricha portialis WLK. (As E. aeacusalis WLK.).
- 1889. J. H. LEECH (Entom. xxii).
 - I. Cataprosopus pauperalis sp. n.

Type-locality: Yokohama; Collector: ?. MANLEY

- 1895. W. WARREN (Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. 6, xvi).
 - I. Endotricha rhodopteralis sp. n. (=E. portialis Wlk.).

Type-locality: Japan; Collector: ?

1896.	G. F. Hampson (Faun. Brit. Ind. Moths iv).
I.	Endotricha costaemaculalis Christ. (First record.)
1901.	J. H. LEECH (Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond.)
ı.	Cotachena histricalis Wlk. (First record).
1901.	R. SOUTH (Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond.).
I.	Scenedra affinialis sp. n. (Originally placed under genus Endotricha).
	Type-locality: Tsuruga; Collector: J. H. Leech.
1901.	E. HERING (Stett. Ent. Zeit. 62).
I.	Endotricha affinitalis Hering (First record).
1905.	S. Matsumura (Cat. Ins. Jap.)
ī.	Endotricha mesenterialis Wlk. (First record).
1911.	A. E. WILEMAN (Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond.).
ı.	Endotricha theonalis Wlk. (First record).
2.	Scenedra umbrosalis sp. n. (Originally placed under genus Herculia).
1926.	A. CARADJA (Deut. Ent. Zeit. Iris, xl, 4).
I.	Hendecasis duplifascialis Hmpsn. (First record).
1928.	J. Shibuya (Jour. Facul. Agr. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. xxii, 1).
I.	Endotricha hypogrammalis Hmpsn. (First record).
Hither	to unrecorded species:
I.	Neohendecasis (g. n.) apiciferalis Wlk.
2.	Diplopseustis perieresalis Wlk.
•	Devially trablematica Company

Synopsis of Genera

A.	Palpi upturned
A′.	Palpi porrect
A".	Palpi with the 2nd joint porrect and thickly scaled, the 3rd joint obliquely upturned, naked and
	set on before the apex of the 2nd
a.	Hind wing with veins 4 and 5 stalked (b-b'
a'.	Hind wing with veins 4 and 5 radiating from the angle of cell Scenedre
ь.	Fore wing with veins 4 and 5 stalked or closely approximated for some distance; 3 from cel
b ′ .	Fore wing with veins 3,4 and 5 from cell
c.	Palpi straight
c′.	Palpi rostriform and downcurved
d.	Palpi extending about the length of head
d′.	Palpi extending twice to thrice the length of head (e-e'
e.	Maxillary palpi triangularly scaled (f-f'
e ′.	Maxillary palpi with a pointed tuft, nearly as long as the labial palpi Trichophyseti
f.	Hind wing with vein 3 stalked with 4
ſ⁄.	Hind wing with vein 3 not stalked with 4

Genus Endotricha ZELL.

Isis, p. 593 (1847)... Genotype flammealis Schiff. et Den. The following eleven genera are synonyms of Endotricha Zell. (Specificnames in the brackets indicate the genotypes).

Agrotera HBN.* (flammealis SCHIFF. et DEN.), Doththa WLK. (mescnterialis WLK.), Messatis WLK. (pyrosalis WLK.), Pacoria WLK. (pyrosalis WLK.), Zania WLK. (theonalis WLK.), Tricomia WLK. (pyrosalis WLK.), Rhisina WLK. (puncticostalis WLK.), Endotrichodes RAG. (perustalis RAG.), Endotrichopsis WARR. (portialis WLK), Perisseretma WARR. (endotrichalis WARR.), Tanyethira TURN. (dup.ici.inea HMPSN.).

Synopsis of Species

Α.	Hind wing with a pale yellowish white medial band (a-a')
A'.	Hind wing with no pale yellowish white medial band (b-b')
a.	Fore wing with the costa wholly ornamented with whitish specks E. icelusalis WLK.
a'.	Fore wing with the costa ornamented with whitish specks on the outer half only
	E. costaemaculalis CHR.
b.	Fore wing with no lines E. hypogrammalis HMPSN.
b′.	Fore wing with lines
c.	Fore wing with the outer half of cilia whitish (d-d')
c'	Fore wing with the outer half of cilia whitish, partly tinged with different colour (e-e')
d.	Fore wing with the outside of the antemedial line whitish; subterminal line very close to the
	termen
₫′.	Fore wing with the outside of the antemedial line not whitish; subterminal line free from the
	termen
e.	Fore wing with an ochreous yellow medial band E. mesenterialis Wl.K.
e′.	Fore wing with no ochreous yellow medial band E. portialis WLK.

1. Endotricha theonalis WLK.

Pyralis theonalis WALKER, Cat. Lep. Het. B. M. xix, p. 900 (1859).

Endotricha theonalis Hampson, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 482 (1896); Wileman, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 368 (1911); Marumo, Jour. Coll. Agr. Tokyo Imp. Univ. viii (11), p. 185 (1923); Shibuya, Jour. Facul. Agr. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. xxii (1), p. 1c9, pl. v, f. 4 (1928).

Pyralis ? thermusalis WALKER, 1. c. p. 912 (1859).

Zania unicalis WALKER, l. c. xxxiv, p. 1257 (1865).

Doththa thermusalis BUTLER, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. p. 682 (1880).

This species was first recorded as occurring in Japan by Wileman in 1911. There are four specimens in the late Wileman's collection, taken at Junsainuma near Hakodate and Takanabe in Kiushu. Three specimens obtained at Yanagawa in Kiushu are preserved in the Entomological Museum, Sapporo.

Loc. Distr.: Junsainuma (WILEMAN); Takanabe (WILEMAN); Yanagawa (Такамики).

^{*} Previously used for a genus of Lepidoptera in 1802 by SCHRANK.

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Formosa; China.

2. Endotricha hypogrammalis HMPSN.

Endotricha hypogrammalis Hampson, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) xvii, p. 209 (1906); Shibuya, Jour. Facul. Agr. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. xxii (1), p. 110, pl. v, f. 27 (1928).

There are three specimens preserved in the collection of the late WILEMAN (London) as follows:

1 3, 13-vii-1895, Kagoshima.

I & , 22-ix-1895, Miyazaki.

1 6, 29-vii-1895, Kiire.

Recorded first from Japan by myself in 1928.

Loc. Distr.: Yanagawa (TAKAMUKU); Kiire (WILEMAN); Kagoshima (WILEMAN); Miyazaki (WILEMAN).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Formosa; China.

3. Endotricha portialis WLK.

Endotricha portialis Walker, Cat. Lep. Het. B. M. xvii, p. 391 (1859); RAGONOT, Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. p. 525 (1891); Hampson, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 483 (1896); Leech, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 418 (1901); Matsumura, Cat. Ins. Jap. p. 200 (1905); Shibuya, Jour. Facul. Agr. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. xxii (1), p. 110, pl. v, f. 17 (1928).

Doththa aeacusalis Walker, l. c. xix, p. 921 (1859); Ragonot, l. c. p. 524 (1891). Endotricha aerobasalis Snellen, Tijd. v. Ent. xxxv, p. 155, pl. 10, f. 1 (1892).

Endotrichopsis rhodopteralis WARREN, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) xvi, p. 467 (1895).

The type specimen of *E. rhodopteralis* WARR. was collected from Japan. RAGONOT firstly recorded this species as existing in this country in 1891 identified as *D. aeacusalis* WLK.

Loc. Distr.: Yoshino (WILEMAN); Obamine (WILEMAN); Kiire (WILEMAN).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Formosa; Java; Borneo.

4. Endotricha mesenterialis WLK.

Doththa mesenterialis Walker, Cat. Lep. Het. B. M. xvii, p. 285 (1859); id., l. c. xix, p. 920 (1859); Moore, Lep. Ceyl. iii, p. 265, pl. 178, f. 8 (1885); Swinhoe & Cotes, Cat. Moths of Ind. p. 661 (1889); Hampson, Ill. Typ. Sp. Het. B. M. viii, p. 34 (1891).

Endotricha suffusalis WALKER, l. c. xvii, p. 390 (1859); RAGONOT, l. c. p. 525 (1891).

Pyralis suffusalis SWINHOE, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. p. 864 (1885).

Doththa suffusalis Moore, 1. c. p. 266 (1885); SWINHOE & COTES, 1. c. p. 611 (1889).

Endotricha mesenterialis RAGONOT, Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. p. 524 (1891); HAMPSON, Faun. Brit. Ind. Moths iv, p. 133 (1896); id., Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 483 (1896); SWINHOE, Cat. Het. Mus. Oxf. ii, p. 427 (1900); MATSUMURA, Cat. Ins. Jap. p. 200 (1905); SHIBUYA, Jour. Facul. Agr. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. xxii (1), p. 110 (1928).

Endotricha flavisimbrialis WARREN, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) viii, p. 69 (1891).

Endotricha eoidalis Snellen, Tijd. v. Ent. xxxviii, p. 112, pl. 5, ff. 2,3 (1895).

So far as I am aware, this species was first recorded from Japan by Prof. S. Matsumura in 1905.

Loc. Distr.: Sapporo (MATSUMURA); Chichibu (HIRAYAMA).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Korea; Formosa; Java; Burma; Ceylon; India.

5. Endotricha consocia Butl.

Doththa consocia Butler, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (5) iv, p. 452 (1879); PRYER, Trans. Asiat. Soc. Jap. xiii (1), p. 58 (1885).

Endotricha consocia RAGONOT, Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. p. 525 (1891); HAMPSON, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 484 (1896); LEECH, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 419 (1901); MATSUMURA, Cat. Ins. Jap. p. 201 (1905); MARUMO, Jour. Coll. Agr. Tokyo Imp. Univ. viii (11), p. 185 (1923); SHIEUYA, Jour. Facul. Agr. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. xxii (1), p. 111, pl. v, f. 25 (1928).

Endotricha albicilia WILEMAN (nec HMPSN.), Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 368 (1911).

The type specimen of *E. consocia* Butl. was obtained at Yokohama by H. Pryer, and is now preserved in the collection of the British Museum.

Two more specimens from Japan are in the same Museum, taken by LEECH at Fushiki and Tsuruga. I have examined a single specimen at the National Museum, Paris, which was captured by LEECH in July of 1887,

Loc. Distr.: Yokohama (PRYER, WILEMAN); Fushiki (LEECH); Tsuruga (LEECH); Yakushima (MARUMO).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; China; Formosa.

6. Endotricha costaemaculalis Christ.

Endotricha costaemaculalis Christoph, Bul Soc. Nat. Mosc. lvi, p. 4 (1881); Snellen, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 569 (1890); RAGONOT, Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. p. 524 (1891); Hampson, Faun. Brit. Ind. Moths iv, p. 133 (1896); id., Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 484 (1896); Staudinger & Rebel, Cat. Lep. Palaearc. ii, p. 43 (1901); Leech, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 418 (1901); Matsumura, Cat. Ins. Jap. p. 200 (1905).

Endotricha fuscobasalis RAGONOT, 1. c. p. 526 (1891).

This species was first recorded as occurring in Japan by HAMPSON in 1896.

Loc. Distr.: Kiire (WILEMAN); Satsuma (LEECH).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; China; Siberia; India.

7. Endotricha icelusalis WLK.

Pyralis icelusalis WALKER, Cat. Lep. Het. B. M. xix, p. 900 (1859).

Rhodaria flavofascialis BREMER, Lep. Ost-Sib. p. 65, pl. vi, f. I (1864).

. Pyralis rosealis Walker, l. c. xxxiv, p. 1236 (1865).

Doththa icelusalis PRYER, Trans. Asiat. Soc. Jap. xiii (1), p. 58 (1885).

Endotricha icelusalis MEYRICK, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 471 (1890); RAGONOT, Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. p. 524 (1891); HAMPSON, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 484 (1896); STAUDINGER & REBEL, Cat. Lep. Palaearc. ii, p. 43 (1901); LEECH, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 419 (1901); MATSUMURA, Cat. Ins. Jap. p. 201 (1905); WILEMAN, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 367 (1911).

This species was so far as I am aware recorded first from Japan by H. PRYER in 1885.

Loc. Distr.: Sapporo (Matsumura); Hakodate (Wileman); Tokyo (?); Yoshino (Wileman); Yokohama (Wileman); Iyo (Wileman).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Korea; China.

8. Endotricha affinitalis Hering

Endotricha offinitalis HERING (E.), Stett. Ent. Zeit. 62, p. 45 (1901).

I am obliged to postpone this species to treat with in the synopsis, being hitherto unable to obtain any specimen of this species from this country, even though this was reported as existing also in Japan by Hering.

Loc. Distr.: Hiogo (according to HERING).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Sumatra.

Genus Scenedra MEYR.

Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 75 (1884) Genotype decoratalis WLK.

Synopsis of Species

- a. Hind wing with a dark edged yellowish medial band S. affinialis South a'. Hind wing with no dark edged yellowish medial band S. umbrosalis WLMN.
- 9. Scenedra affinialis South

Endotricha affinialis South, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 418, pl. xiv, f. 22 (1901); MATSUMURA, Cat. Ins. Jap. p. 200 (1905).

Specimens of this species with vein 4 to the fore wing stalked with 5, and of the hind wing being separated, thus I have in this paper transferred this from genus *Endotricha* to the present genus.

The type specimen of this species was collected at Tsuruga by LEECH, and is now in the British Museum.

Loc. Distr.: Tsuruga (LEECH).

Gen. Distr.: Japan.

10. Scenedra umbrosalis WLMN.

Herculia umbrosalis WILEMAN, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 369 (1911).

This species was described from Japan as a new species belonging to the subfamily *Pyralinae*, the specimens of this species, however, with veins 4, 5 to the fore wing stalked, 3 from just before the angle of cell, 7, 8, 9, stalked, 10, 11 free; hind wing with veins 4 and 5 from the angle of cell, 7 distinctly anastomosing with 8. Also the labial palpi upturned, hardly reaching the vertex of head. So that, I have in this paper transferred this species from the *Pyralinae* to the present subfamily, and 6 placed it under the genus *Scenedra*.

There are two male specimens in the collection of the Entomological Museum, Sapporo, taken in August, 1918 (Matsumura) and in July, 1927 (Shibuya), both at Sapporo.

Loc. Distr.: Sapporo (Matsumura, Shibuya); Tokyo (Wileman).

Gen. Distr.: Japan.

Genus Diplopseustis MEYR.

Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 284 (1884) Genotype perieresalis WLK.

11. Diplopseustis perieresalis WLK.

Ambia ? perieresalis WALKER, Cat. Lep. Het. B. M. xix, p. 958 (1859).

Cymoriza minima BUTLER, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. p. 684 (1880).

Diplopseustis minima MEYRICK, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 285 (1884); id., Trans. New Zeal.

Inst. p. 63 (1887); RAGONOT, Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. p. 520 (1891).

Diplopseustis perieresalis Hampson, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 489 (1896); id., Jour. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. xii, p. 483 (1899); Strand, Entom. Mitteil. viii (1/3), p. 56 (1919); Shibuya, Jour. Facul. Agr. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. xxii (1), p. 113, pl. v, f. 18 (1928).

C. minima Butl. was described from Formosa, but no one has hitherto been reported as existing in Japan. There are two male specimens in the Entomological Museum, Sapporo, taken at Tokyo by S. HIRAYAMA and Kyoto by M. Suzuki, but they are not exactly dated.

Loc. Distr.: Tokyo (HIRAYAMA); Kyoto (SUZUKI).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Formosa; Australia; New Zealand; India.

Genus Cataprosopus Butl.

Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 589 (1881) Genotype monstrosus Butl. Synonym Lophopalpia HMPRON. (genotype pauperalis LEECH).

Synopsis of Species

12. Cataprosopus monstrosus Butl.

Cataprosopus monstrosus Butler, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 590 (1881); HAMPSON, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 490 (1896); LEECH, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 419 (1901); MATSUMURA, Cat. Ins. Jap. p. 201 (1905).

Hygrochroa testacea Matsumura (nec Butl.), Thous. Ins. Jap. Suppl. ii, p. 83, pl. xxiv, f. 11 (1910).

The type specimen of *monstrosus* Butl. was collected at Tokyo by Fenton. Specimens identified by Prof. Matsumura as *Hygrochroa testacea* Butl. are identical with *C. monstrosus* Butl., and the former is a species belonging to the family *Geometridae*.

Loc. Distr.: Sapporo (Matsurura, Shibuya); Hakodate (Leech); Oshima (Wileman); Nikko (Wileman); Tokyo (Fenton); Higo (Wileman).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Korea.

13. Cataprosopus pauperalis Leech

Cataprosopus pauperalis Leech, Entom. xxii, p. 70, pl. 4, f. 11 (1889).

Lophopalpia pauperalis Hampson, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 527 (1896); Leech, Trans. Ent. Soc.

Lond. p. 418 (1901); Matsumura, Cat. Ins. Jap. p. 203 (1905); Hampson, Jour. Bomb.

Nat. Hist. Soc. xviii, p. 270 (1908).

Described from Japan.

Loc. Distr.: Yokohama (Manley); Yoshino (Wileman); Kyoto (Suzuki); Awa (Wileman); Higo (Wileman).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; India (according to HAMPSON).

Genus Trichophysetis MEYR.

Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 287 (1884) Genotype cretacea Butl.

14. Trichophysetis cretacea Butl.

Hydrocampa cretacea BUTLER, Ill. Typ. Sp. Het. B. M. iii, p. 75, pl. 59, f. 8 (1879). Trichophysetis neophyla Meyrick, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 287 (1884).

Trichophysetis cretacea Hampson, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 491 (1896); Leech, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 420 (1901); STAUDINGER & REBEL, Cat. Lep. Palaearc. ii, p. 44 (1901); Hampson, Jour. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. xv, p. 206 (1903); Matsumura, Cat. Ins. Jap. p. 201 (1905).

Butler's species was described from Japan. There is one specimen in the British Museum, taken at Hakodate by Andrews. Another one in the late Wileman's Collection, from Higo in Kiushu.

Loc. Distr.: Sapporo (MATSUMURA); Hakodate (Andrews); Echigo (NAKA-MURA); Yokohama (PRYER); Higo (WILEMAN).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Amur; Australia.

Genus Neohendecasis nov.

Genotype—apiciferalis WLK. (Cat. Lep. Het. B. M. xxxiv, p. 1236).

Antennae of male unknown. Frons rounded; maxillary palpi triangularly scaled; labial palpi porrect, extending about twice the length of head, the 3rd joint well developed. Proboscis well developed. Legs smooth, spurs nearly equal in length. Fore wing moderately broad, costa nearly straight, apex rounded; vein 2 arising from before the angle of cell; 3, 4, 5 from angle; 6 from below the upper angle of cell; 7 stalked with 8; 9 absent; 10 and 11 from cell. Hind wing with vein 2 from before the angle of cell; 3 stalked with 4; 5 from above the angle of cell; 7 anastomosing with 8.

This comes near to *Hendecasis* HMPSN. from which it differs in the following points:

I. Fore wing with vein 10 not stalked with 7, 8.

- 2. Fore wing with the apex rounded instead of being acute.
- 3. Hind wing with veins 3,4 stalked.

15. Neohendecasis apiciferalis WLK.

Pyralis? apiciferalis Walker, Cat. Lep. Het. B. M. xxxiv, p. 1236 (1865).

Hendecasis apiciferalis Hampson, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 493 (1896); Leech, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 421 (1901).

Hitherto unrecorded from this country. Three specimens are in the Entomological Museum, Sapporo as follows:

1 3, 20-viii-1917, Sapporo (Matsumura); 13, 6-ix-1917, Sapporo (Matsumura);

13, 16-viii-1918, Sapporo (MATSUMURA).

I have examined one specimen of this species in the collection of the late WILEMAN, taken at Hakodate.

Loc. Distr.: Sapporo (MATSUMURA); Hakodate (WILEMAN).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; China.

Genus Hendecasis HMPSN.

Faun. Brit. Ind. Moths iv, p. 140 (1896) Genotype duplifascialis HMPSN.

16. Hendecasis duplifascialis HMPSN.

Trichophysetis duplifascialis Hampson, Ill. Typ. Sp. Het. B. M. viii, p. 141, pl. 156, f. 18 (1893). Hendecasis duplifascialis Hampson, Faun. Brit. Ind. Moths iv, p. 140 (1896); Maki, Report Forest. Exp. Sta. i, p. 41, pl. 9, ff. 1, 2 (1915); Caradja, Deut. Ent. Zeit. Iris, xl (4), p. 166 (1926); Shieuva, Jour. Facul. Agr. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. xxii (1), p. 114 (1928).

Recorded from Japan first in 1926 by A. CARADJA.

Loc. Distr.: Yokohama (according to CARADJA).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Formosa; Ceylon; India; W. Africa.

Genus Cotachena Moor.

Lep. Ceyl. iii, p. 275 (1885) Genotype histricalis WLK.

17. Cotachena histricalis WLK.

Botys histricalis WALKER, Cat. Lep. Het. B. M. xviii, p. 655 (1859).

Cotachena histricalis Moore, Lep. Ceyl. iii, p. 276 (1885); SWINHOE & COTES, Cat. Moths of Ind. p. 642 (1889); RAGONOT, Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. p. 620 (1892); HAMPSON, Ill. Typ. Sp. Het. B. M. viii, p. 35 (1891); id., l. c. ix, pp. 44, 162, pl. 172, f. 5 (1893); id., Faun. Brit. Ind. Moths iv, p. 142 (1896); id., Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 498 (1896); SWINHOE, Cat. Het. Mus. Oxf. ii, p. 428 (1900); LEECH, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 421 (1901); MATSUMURA, Cat. Ins. Jap. p. 201 (1905); STRAND, Entom. Mitteil. viii (1/3), p. 55 (1919); SHIBUYA, Jour. Facul. Agr. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. xxii (1), p. 114 (1923).

Stenophyes histricalis Snellen, Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. p. 600 (1890).

Archernis pubescens WARREN, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) ix, p. 300 (1892).

This species was first recorded from Japan by LEECH in 1901. This one seems to be fairly commonly occurred throughout this country.

Loc. Distr.: Sapporo (Matsumura); Hakodade (Andrews); Mt. Fuji (Leech); Yokohoma (Wileman); Yoshino (Wileman); Tokyo (Hirayama); Nagasaki (Leech); Satsuma (Leech).

Gen. Distr.: Japan; Formosa; Korea; China; India.

Genus Puriella STRAND

Deut. Ent. Zeit. Iris, xxxii (1/2), p. 88 (1918) Genotype problematica STRAND

18. Puriella problematica STRAND

Puriella problematica Strand, Deut. Ent. Zeit. Iris, xxxii (1/2), p. 89 (1918); Shibuya, Jour. Facul. Agr. Hokkaido Imp. Univ. xxii (1), p. 115 (1928).

This species has as far as I am aware not been recorded as occurring in Japan. The following six specimens are preserved in the Entomological Museum, Sapporo:

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1 3, 6-viii-1913, Tokyo (Hirayama); 1 3, 16-viii-1915, Tokyo (Hirayama);
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13, ?-viii-1916, Usui (Sugitani); 13, 22-ix-1917, Yanagawa (TAKAMUKU);

1 3, ?-viii-1919, Kii (ISSHIKI); 13, ? Kyoto (SUZUKI).

Loc. Distr.: Tokyo (Hirayama); Kii (Isshiki); Kyoto (Suzuki); Usui (Su-Gitani); Yanagawa (Takamuku).

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摘 要

本編は日本本土産尖線銀亜科の分類學的研究である。而して本亜科は後翅の第8脈が第7脈ミ接合せる事に依つて縞螟銀亜科ミ、又前翅の第7脈が第8.9 脈ミ癒合せる事に依つて水螟蝦、山螟螺、野螟蝦の各亞科と、更に前翅の中室に隆起せる鱗塊を缺く事に依つて、太螟蝦亜科ミ區別されてゐる。

此亞科に含まれるもので、今日まで世界の學界に紹介された種類は約一三○種あるが、我日本本土には現在九屬、一八種產してゐる、此內

Neohendecasis apiciferalis WLR., Diplopseustis perieresalis WLR., Puriella problematica STRAND の三種は、今度初めて我本土から記録されるもので、又 Neohendecasis は新屬である。

(於 岐阜高等農林學校昆蟲學教室)